

# Chapter 11

## Syslog And Log Files

# Log files

- ◎ Execution information of each services
  - › sshd log files
  - › httpd log files
  - › ftpd log files
- ◎ Purpose
  - › For post tracking
  - › Like insurance

# Logging Policies

- Common schemes

- › Throw away all log files
- › Rotate log files at periodic intervals
- › Archiving log files

```
#!/bin/sh
/usr/bin/cd /var/log
/bin/mv logfile.2.gz logfile.3.gz
/bin/mv logfile.1.gz logfile.2.gz
/bin/mv logfile logfile.1
/usr/bin/touch logfile
/bin/kill -signal pid
/usr/bin/gzip logfile.1
```

```
0 3 * * * /usr/bin/tar czvf /backup/logfile.`/bin/date +\%Y\%m\%d`.tar.gz /var/log
```

# Finding Log Files

- Ways and locations
  - › Common directory
    - /var/log, /var/adm
  - › Read software configuration files
    - Ex: /usr/local/etc/apache22/httpd.conf
    - TransferLog /home/www/logs/access.log**
  - › See /etc/syslog.conf

syslog.conf(5)

# Under /var/log in FreeBSD (1)

- You can see that under /var/log ...

```
npbsd1:/var/log -lwhsu- ls
all.log          auth.log.3.bz2      maillog.2.bz2      sendmail.st.0
all.log.0.bz2    auth.log.4.bz2      maillog.3.bz2      sendmail.st.1
all.log.1.bz2    auth.log.5.bz2      maillog.4.bz2      sendmail.st.2
all.log.2.bz2    auth.log.6.bz2      maillog.5.bz2      sendmail.st.3
all.log.3.bz2    auth.log.7.bz2      maillog.6.bz2      sendmail.st.4
all.log.4.bz2    console.log        maillog.7.bz2      setuid.today
all.log.5.bz2    cron              messages          setuid.yesterday
all.log.6.bz2    cron.0.bz2         messages.0.bz2     slip.log
all.log.7.bz2    cron.1.bz2         messages.1.bz2     sudo.log
amd.log          cron.2.bz2         messages.2.bz2     sudo.log.0.gz
amd.log.0.bz2    cron.3.bz2         messages.3.bz2     sudo.log.1
amd.log.1.bz2    debug.log         messages.4.bz2     userlog
amd.log.2.bz2    dmesg.today       messages.5.bz2     wtmp
amd.log.3.bz2    dmesg.yesterday   mount.today       wtmp.0
amd.log.4.bz2    lastlog           mount.yesterday   wtmp.1
auth.log         lpd-errs          pf.today          xferlog
auth.log.0.bz2   maillog           ppp.log          sendmail.st
auth.log.1.bz2   maillog.0.bz2      security
auth.log.2.bz2   maillog.1.bz2
```

Lots of logs

# Under /var/log in FreeBSD (2)

## Logs – because of syslogd

syslogd(8)

```
bsd2:~ -lwhsu- cat /etc/syslog.conf | grep -v ^#
*.err;kern.warning;auth.notice;mail.crit          /dev/console
*.notice;authpriv.none;kern.debug;lpr.info;mail.crit;news.err
/var/log/messages
security.*                                         /var/log/security
auth.info;authpriv.info                           /var/log/auth.log
mail.info                                         /var/log/maillog
lpr.info                                           /var/log/lpd-errs
ftp.info                                           /var/log/xferlog
cron.*                                            /var/log/cron
*.=debug                                         /var/log/debug.log
*.emerg                                           *
!startslip
*.*                                              /var/log/slip.log
!ppp
*.*                                              /var/log/ppp.log
!sudo
*.*                                              /var/log/sudo.log
console.info                                     /var/log/console.log
*.*                                              /var/log/all.log
*.*                                              @loghost
```

# Under /var/log in FreeBSD (3)

- Logs are rotated –  
because newsyslog facility

[newsyslog.conf\(5\)](#)  
[newsyslog\(8\)](#)

- > In crontab

```
bsd2:~ -lwhsu- grep newsyslog /etc/crontab
0      *      *      *      *      root    newsyslog
```

- > newsyslog.conf

```
bsd2:/usr/src/etc -lwhsu- cat newsyslog.conf | grep -v ^#
/var/log/all.log          600 7    *    @T00  J
/var/log/amd.log          644 7    100   *    J
/var/log/auth.log          600 7    100   *    JC
/var/log/console.log       600 5    100   *    J
/var/log/cron              600 3    100   *    JC
/var/log/daily.log         640 7    *    @T00  JN
/var/log/debug.log         600 7    100   *    JC
/var/log/kerberos.log      600 7    100   *    J
/var/log/lpd-errs          644 7    100   *    JC
/var/log/maillog            640 7    *    @T00  JC
/var/log/messages           644 5    100   *    JC
/var/log/monthly.log        640 12   *    $M1D0 JN
/var/log/pflog              600 3    100   *    JB    /var/run/pflogd.pid
/var/log/ppp.log            640 3    100   *    JC
/var/log/security            600 10   100   *    JC
/var/log/sendmail.st         640 10   *    168   B
/var/log/slip.log            640 3    100   *    JC
/var/log/weekly.log          640 5    1    $W6D0 JN
/var/log/wtmp                644 3    *    @01T05 B
/var/log/xferlog             600 7    100   *    JC
```

# Vendor Specifics

- FreeBSD

- › newsyslog utility
- › /etc/newsyslog.conf

- Red Hat

- › logrotate utility
- › /etc/logrotate.conf, /etc/logrotate.d directory

```
linux1 [/etc/logrotate.d] -lwhsu- cat mail
/var/log/mail/maillog /var/log/mail/mail.info  /var/log/mail.warn /var/log/mail.err {
missingok
monthly
size=100M
rotate 4
create 0640 root security
nocompress
}
```

# Files Not to Manage

- ◎ You can manage most log files yourself, except...
  - › /var/log/lastlog (/var/adm/lastlog)
    - Record of each user's last login
  - › /var/run/utmp (/etc/utmp)
    - Record of each user that is currently logged in

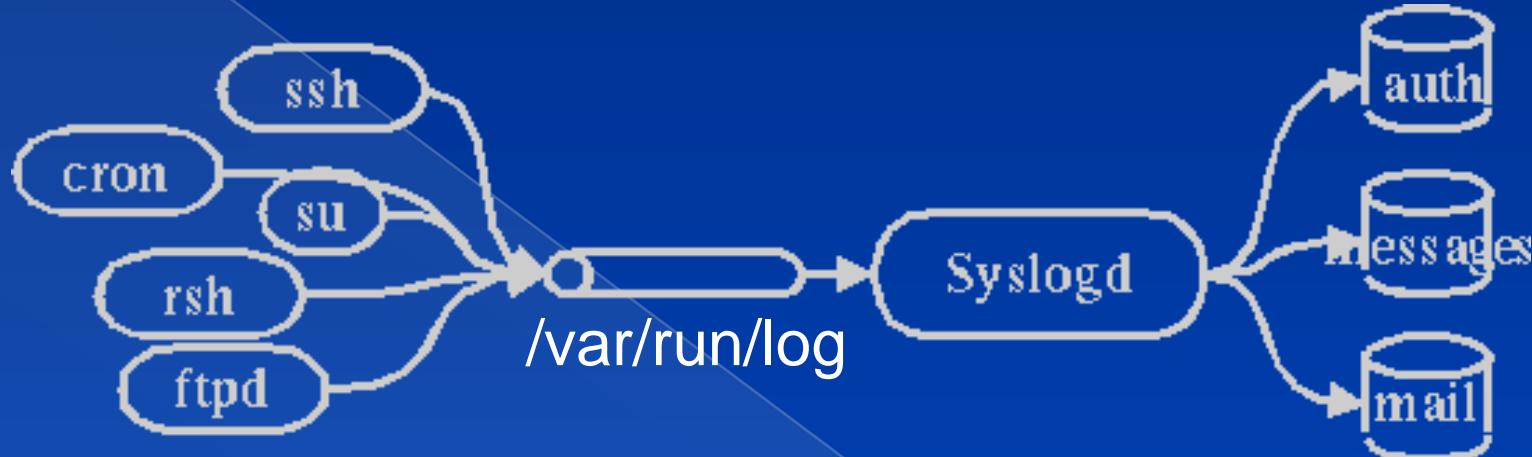
utmp(5)

# Syslog

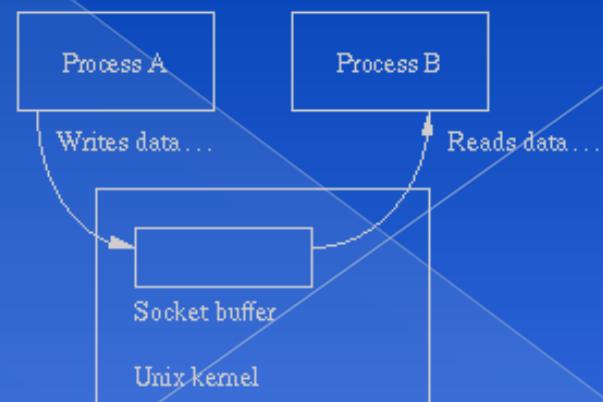
# Syslog - The system event logger (1)

- Two main functions
  - › To release programmers from the tedious of writing log files
  - › To put administrators in control of logging
- Three parts:
  - › syslogd, /etc/syslog.conf
    - The logging daemon and configure file
  - › openlog(), syslog(), closelog()
    - Library routines to use syslogd
  - › logger syslog(3)
    - A user command that use syslogd from shell

# Syslog - The system event logger (2)



```
lwbsd:~ -lwhsu- ls -l /var/run/log
srw-rw-rw- 1 root wheel - 0 Nov 26 12:01 /var/run/log=
```



# Configuring syslogd (1)

## ◎ Basic format

- > selector <Tab> action
  - **Selector: program.level**
    - Program: the program that sends the log message
    - Level: the message severity level
  - **Action: tells what to do with the message**
- > Ex:
  - mail.info /var/log/maillog

# Configuring syslogd (2)

- selector
  - › Syntax: facility.level
    - Facility and level are predefined (see next page)
  - › Combined selector
    - facility.level
    - facility1,facility2.level
    - facility1.level;facility2.level
    - \*.level
  - › Level indicate the **minimum importance** that a message must be logged
  - › A message matching any selector will be subject to the line's action

# Configuring syslogd (3)

Facility	Programs that use it
kern	The kernel
user	User processes (the default if not specified)
mail	<b>sendmail</b> and other mail-related software
daemon	System daemons
auth	Security and authorization-related commands
lpr	The BSD line printer spooling system
news	The Usenet news system
uucp	Reserved for UUCP, which doesn't use it
cron	The <b>cron</b> daemon
mark	Timestamps generated at regular intervals
local0-7	Eight flavors of local message
syslog <sup>a</sup>	<b>syslogd</b> internal messages
authpriv <sup>a</sup>	Private authorization messages (should all be private, really)
ftp <sup>a</sup>	The FTP daemon, <b>ftpd</b>
*	All facilities except "mark"

Level	Approximate meaning
emerg	Panic situations
alert	Urgent situations
crit	Critical conditions
err	Other error conditions
warning	Warning messages
notice	Things that might merit investigation
info	Informational messages
debug	For debugging only

# Configuring syslogd (4)

- Action
  - > filename
    - Write the message to a local file
  - > @hostname
    - Forward the message to the syslogd on hostname
  - > @ipaddress
    - Forwards the message to the host at that IP address
  - > user1, user2
    - Write the message to the user's screen if they are logged in
  - > \*
    - Write the message to all user logged in

# Configuring syslogd (5)

## ◎ Example:

*. emerg	/dev/console
*. err;kern,mark.debug;auth.notice;user.none	/var/adm/console.log
*. info;kern,user,mark,auth.none	@loghost
*alert;kern.crit;local0,local1,local2.info	root

lpr.err → /var/adm/console.log  
@loghost

Level
emerg
alert
crit
err
warning
notice
info
debug

# Configuring syslogd (6)

## ◎ Output of syslogd

```
Dec 2 07:12:09 lwbsd sudo: lwhsu : TTY=pts/2 ; PWD=/z ; USER=root ; COMMAND=/bin/mkdir dump
Dec 2 07:12:13 lwbsd sudo: lwhsu : TTY=pts/2 ; PWD=/z ; USER=root ; COMMAND=/usr/sbin/chown lwhsu dump
Dec 2 07:12:31 lwbsd sudo: lwhsu : TTY=pts/2 ; PWD=/usr/home/lwhsu ; USER=root ; COMMAND=sbin/dump 0uLf - /
Dec 2 07:12:47 lwbsd kernel: lock order reversal:
Dec 2 07:12:47 lwbsd kernel: 1st 0xffffffff38c67a28
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: bufwait (bufwait) @ /usr/src/sys/kern/vfs_bio.c:2443
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: 2nd 0xffffffff01bd83f430 snaplk (snaplk) @ /usr/src/sys/ufs/ffs/ffs_snapshot.c:2224
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: KDB: stack backtrace:
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: db_trace_self_wrapper() at db_trace_self_wrapper+0x2a
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: _witness_debugger() at _witness_debugger+0x49
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: witness_checkorder() at witness_checkorder+0x7e6
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: __lockmgr_args() at __lockmgr_args+0xc59
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: ffs_copyonwrite() at ffs_copyonwrite+0x15e
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: ffs_geom_strategy() at ffs_geom_strategy+0x158
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: bufwrite() at bufwrite+0x108
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: ffs_update() at ffs_update+0x196
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: ffs_fsync() at ffs_fsync+0x18
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: ufs_remove() at ufs_remove+0xe4
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: VOP_REMOVE_APV() at VOP_REMOVE_APV+0x93
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: kern_unlinkat() at kern_unlinkat+0x245
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: syscall() at syscall+0x1dd
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: Xfast_syscall() at Xfast_syscall+0xab
Dec 2 07:12:48 lwbsd kernel: --- syscall (10, FreeBSD ELF64, unlink), rip = 0x80071593c, rsp = 0x7fffffff388, rbp = 0x800908d80 ---
Dec 2 07:13:46 lwbsd sshd[72206]: error: PAM: authentication error for illegal user hadar from 81.246.26.179
Dec 2 07:15:50 lwbsd sshd[76073]: error: PAM: authentication error for illegal user hadar from 88.63.75.242
Dec 2 07:20:15 lwbsd sshd[84588]: error: PAM: authentication error for illegal user hadassah from 200.62.142.212
```

# Software that use syslog

Program	Facility	Levels	Description
<b>amd</b>	daemon	err-info	NFS automounter
<b>date</b>	auth	notice	Sets the time and date
<b>ftpd</b>	daemon	err-debug	FTP daemon
<b>gated</b>	daemon	alert-info	Routing daemon
<b>halt/reboot</b>	auth	crit	Shutdown programs
<b>inetd</b>	daemon	err, warning	Internet super-daemon
<b>login/rlogind</b>	auth	crit-info	Login programs
<b>lpd</b>	lpr	err-info	BSD line printer daemon
<b>named</b>	daemon	err-info	Name server (DNS)
<b>nnrpd</b>	news	crit-notice	INN news readers
<b>ntpd</b>	daemon, user	crit-info	Network time daemon
<b>passwd</b>	auth	err	Password-setting program
<b>popper</b>	local0	notice, debug	Mac/PC mail system
<b>sendmail</b>	mail	alert-debug	Mail transport system
<b>su</b>	auth	crit, notice	Switches UIDs
<b>sudo</b>	local2	alert, notice	Limited <b>su</b> program
<b>syslogd</b>	syslog, mark	err-info	Internal errors, timestamps
<b>tcpd</b>	local7	err-debug	TCP wrapper for <b>inetd</b>
<b>cron</b>	cron, daemon	info	System task-scheduling daemon
<b>vmunix</b>	kern	varies	The kernel

# FreeBSD Enhancement (1)

## ○ Facility name

- › FreeBSD allows you to select messages based on the name of the program

```
!sudo  
*.*          /var/log/sudo.log
```

## ○ Severity level

Selector	Meaning
mail.info	Selects mail-related messages of info priority and higher
mail.>=info	Same meaning as mail.info
mail.=info	Selects only messages at info priority
mail.<=info	Selects messages at info priority and below
mail.<info	Selects all priorities lower than info
mail.>info	Selects all priorities higher than info

# FreeBSD Enhancement (2)

- ◎ Restriction log messages from remote hosts

- > syslogd –a \*.cs.nctu.edu.tw  
–a 140.113.209.0/24

- > rc.conf

```
syslogd_enable="YES"
syslogd_flags="-a 140.113.209.0/24:* -a 140.113.17.0/24:*
```