

# Performance Analysis

wangth (2017-2020, CC BY-SA)  
? (1996-2016)

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# Help! My system is slow!

- [https://people.freebsd.org/~kris/scaling/Help\\_my\\_system\\_is\\_slow.pdf](https://people.freebsd.org/~kris/scaling/Help_my_system_is_slow.pdf)



Help! My system is slow!

Profiling tools, tips and tricks

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# What you can do to improve performance

- Memory size has a major influence on performance
- Correct the problems of usage
- Load balance appliance
- Organize the system's hard disks and filesystems
- Monitoring your networks
- ...

# Factors that affect Performance

- Four major resources
  - CPU Time
  - Memory
  - Hard disk I/O bandwidth
  - Network I/O bandwidth
- Where is the real bottleneck
  - **Not CPU, hard disk bandwidth it is !!**
  - When memory is not enough, system will do swap, so memory and disk bandwidth are the major suspects

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing CPU usage (1)

- Three information of CPU
  - Overall utilization
    - Help to identify whether the CPU resource is the system bottleneck
  - Load average
  - Per-process consumption
    - Identify specific process's CPU utilization

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing CPU usage (2)

- **vmstat command**
  - Report kernel statistics about process, memory, cpu, ..
  - Usage: % `vmstat -c 2 -w 1`
    - **us: user time**
      - High us means high computation
    - **sy: system time**
      - High sy means process are making lots of system call or performing I/O
    - **id: cpu idle**
  - us and sy time should half-half
  - Monitoring interval should not be too small

```
$ vmstat -c 2 -w 5
```

procs			memory		page				disks			faults		cpu				
r	b	w	avm	fre	flt	re	pi	po	fr	sr	da0	cd0	in	sy	cs	us	sy	id
0	0	0	2.0T	5.7G	97	0	0	0	106	9	0	0	39	398	457	0	0	100
0	0	0	2.0T	5.7G	0	0	0	0	0	20	21	0	40	156	458	0	0	100

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing CPU usage (3)

- faults (average per second over last 5 seconds)
  - in: device interrupt per interval
  - sy: system calls per interval
  - cs: cpu context switch rate
- Nothing to do Server

```
$ vmstat -c 2 -w 5
procs memory          page          disks          faults          cpu
r b w avm   fre      flt  re  pi  po  fr  sr  da0 da1  in  sy  cs   us sy id
3 2 0 50364 1587316  3   0  0  0  3  0  0  0  931 786 181  0  0 100
0 2 0 50368 1587312  5   0  0  0  0  0  0  0  250  91  23  0  0  99
```

- High load, busy http server

```
$ vmstat -c 5 -w 5
procs memory          page          disks          faults          cpu
r b w avm   fre      flt  re  pi  po  fr  sr  da0  in  sy  cs   us sy id
0 0 0 231320 68792   320  4  0  0  264  7  0  2273 3381 952  16  4  80
0 0 0 232984 67100   558  0  0  0  386  0  1  1958 3285 551  11  5  84
1 0 0 228252 69272   192  2  0  0  292  0  5  2787 2626 681  23  4  73
1 0 0 221564 72048   102  0  0  0  229  0  0  1395  556 184   1  2  97
0 0 0 209624 76684    96  0  0  0  306  0  0  1350  935 279   0  2  97
```

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing CPU usage (4)

- Load average
  - The average number of runnable processes
    - Including processes waiting for disk or network I/O
- uptime command
  - Show how long system has been running and the load average of the system over the last 1, 5, and 15 minutes
  - Usage: % uptime

```
$ uptime  
2:52AM up 31 days, 6:48, 1 user, load averages: 0.42, 0.28, 0.22
```



# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing CPU usage (5)

- top command
  - Display and update information about the top cpu processes
- ps command
  - Show process status
- renice command
  - `renice -n increment -p pid`
  - `renice +1 987 -u daemon root -p 32`

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing memory usage (1)

- When memory is not enough ...
  - Memory page has to be "swapped out" to the disk block
  - LRU (Least Recently Used) algorithm
  - Bad situation – "desperation swapping"
    - Kernel forcibly swaps out runnable process
    - Extreme memory shortage
- Two numbers that quantify memory activity
  - Total amount of active virtual memory
    - Tell you the total demand for memory
  - Page rate
    - suggest the proportion of actively used memory

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing memory usage (2)

- To see amount of swap space in use
  - `pstat -s` or `swapinfo -k` (FreeBSD)
  - `swapon -s` (Linux)
  - `swap -l` (Solaris)
- `pstat` command
  - `pstat -s`

```
$ pstat -s
```

Device	1K-blocks	Used	Avail	Capacity
/dev/label/swap-0	1048572	0	1048572	0%
/dev/label/swap-1	1048572	0	1048572	0%
Total	2097144	0	2097144	0%

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing memory usage (3)

- **vmstat command**
  - **procs**
    - r: in run queue
    - b: blocked for resource
    - w: runnable or short sleeper but swapped
  - **memory**
    - avm: active virtual pages
    - fre: size of the free list
  - **page (averaged each five seconds, given in units per second)**
    - flt: total number of page faults
    - pi: pages paged in
    - po: pages paged out
      - 50 page-out cause about 1 seconds latency
    - fr: pages freed per second

```
$ vmstat -c 3 -w 5
procs      memory      page          disks
 r  b  w    avm   fre    flt   re  pi  po    fr   sr  da0  da1
 0  3  0   1427M 1196M  224    0  0  0    312   0   0   0
 0  3  0   1427M 1196M    3    0  0  0    169   0  12  12
 0  3  0   1427M 1196M    3    0  0  0    110   0  15  15
```

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing disk I/O

- iostat command
  - Report I/O statistics
  - Usage: `iostat -w 1 -c 5`
    - tin/tout: characters read from /write to terminal
    - KB/t: kilobytes per transfer
    - tps: transfers per second
    - MB/s: megabytes per second

```
$ iostat da0 -w 1
```

tty			da0		cpu				
tin	tout	KB/t	tps	MB/s	us	ni	sy	in	id
0	258	59.78	253	14.77	3	0	4	0	94
0	127	63.13	501	30.89	3	0	4	0	93
0	43	62.58	346	21.14	5	0	5	0	90
0	42	62.40	289	17.63	3	0	5	0	92
0	43	61.19	720	43.02	1	0	2	0	97

# System Performance Checkup – Analyzing network

- The four most common uses of netstat
  - Monitoring the status of network connections
  - netstat -a
  - Inspecting interface configuration information
  - netstat -i

```
$ netstat -i
```

Name	Mtu	Network	Address	Ipkts	Ierrs	Opkts	Oerrs	Coll
bge0	1500	140.113.240.0	derek	2256736153	-	3709378394	-	-
bge0	1500	192.168.7.0	192.168.7.1	1744582	-	49144622	-	-
lo0	16384	your-net	localhost	433424	-	433424	-	-

- Examining the routing table
  - netstat -r -n
- Viewing operational statistics for network protocols

# systat

- Display system statistics
  - `systat -ifstat`

```
          /0  /1  /2  /3  /4  /5  /6  /7  /8  /9  /10
Load Average  ||

Interface      Traffic      Peak      Total
  lo0  in      0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s    97.325 KB
       out     0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s    97.325 KB

  vmx1  in      0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s    6.335 GB
       out     0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s    2.263 GB

  vmx0  in      0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s    2.169 GB
       out     0.000 KB/s    0.000 KB/s   289.635 MB
```

# systat

## ○ systat -vmstat

```

1 users      Load  0.20  0.29  0.28                      Dec 20 03:13
Mem usage:   63%Phy 60%Kmem                      VN PAGER   SWAP PAGER
Mem:         REAL                VIRTUAL                in   out     in   out
              Tot  Share          Tot  Share          Free  count
Act 209516K  16036K 2097752M  22356K  5821M  pages
All 221072K  27492K 2097781M  52088K
Proc:
  r  p  d  s  w  Csw  Trp  Sys  Int  Sof  Flt  6033  zfod
              41          445  5K  4K              6K
25.0%Sys  0.0%Intr  0.0%User  0.0%Nice 75.0%Idle
|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
=====
Namei      Name-cache  Dir-cache  349995  dtbuf
  Calls    hits  %    hits  %    349982  desvn
    18      18 100      323816  numvn
                                323816  frevn
                                9644M  wire
Disks      da0    cd0  pass0  pass1  52764K  act
KB/t      0.00  0.00  0.00  0.00    383M  inact
tps        0      0      0      0        0  laund
MB/s      0.00  0.00  0.00  0.00   5821M  free
%busy     0      0      0      0   55808  buf
ioflt  Interrupts
cow    255 total
zfod   atkbd0 1
ozfod  ata0 14
%ozfod 64  cpu0:timer
daefr  cpu1:timer
prcfr 191  cpu2:timer
totfr  cpu3:timer
react  mpt0 257
pdwak  vmx0:irq0
pdpgs  vmx1:irq0
intrn

```





# \*stat commands

```
$ ls -al {,/usr}{/bin,/sbin}/*stat
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 49976 Jan 2 18:52 /sbin/ipfstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 7264 Jan 2 18:52 /sbin/kldstat*
-r-xr-sr-x 1 root kmem - 11872 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/btsockstat*
-r-xr-sr-x 1 root kmem - 20432 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/fstat*
-r-xr-sr-x 1 root kmem - 144208 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/netstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 12352 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/nfsstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 16912 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/procstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 15696 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/sockstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 2 root wheel - 15560 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/stat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 82424 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/systat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 25552 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/bin/vmstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 15760 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/gstat*
lrwxr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 21 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/hoststat@ ->
                               /usr/sbin/mailwrapper
-r-xr-x--- 1 root wheel - 11504 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/ifmcstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 19808 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/iostat*
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 39376 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/pmcstat*
-r-xr-xr-x 2 root wheel - 13040 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/pstat*
lrwxr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 21 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/purgestat@ ->
                               /usr/sbin/mailwrapper
-r-xr-xr-x 1 root wheel - 10048 Jan 2 18:53 /usr/sbin/slstat*
```

# top

- top -m cpu (default)

```
last pid: 61540; load averages: 0.30, 0.31, 0.32 up 17+09:57:18 13:57:14
242 processes: 1 running, 241 sleeping
CPU states: % user, % nice, % system, % interrupt, % idle
Mem: 2195M Active, 7466M Inact, 1574M Wired, 21M Cache, 214M Buf, 619M Free
Swap: 2048M Total, 140K Used, 2048M Free

  PID USERNAME      THR PRI NICE   SIZE   RES STATE  C   TIME   WCPU COMMAND
26091 squid          17  44   0   414M   384M ucond  1  35:51  0.00% squid
11945 bind           11  44   0  71696K 59544K select 1  32:06  0.00% named
11375 root            1  58   0  20960K 3144K select 1   9:35  0.00% sshd
68517 nobody         1  44   0  24472K 14716K select 3   8:00  0.00% rsync
```

- top -m io

```
last pid: 9347; load averages: 0.21, 0.29, 0.32 up 17+09:58:20 13:58:16
243 processes: 1 running, 242 sleeping
CPU states: 0.5% user, 0.0% nice, 1.2% system, 0.0% interrupt, 98.3% idle
Mem: 2200M Active, 7484M Inact, 1604M Wired, 25M Cache, 214M Buf, 562M Free
Swap: 2048M Total, 140K Used, 2048M Free

  PID USERNAME      VCSW  IVCSW  READ  WRITE  FAULT  TOTAL  PERCENT  COMMAND
18107 cvsup             0     0     0     0     0     0     0.00% cvsup
26091 squid          34     0     0     0     0     0     0.00% squid
11945 bind            9     3     0     0     0     0     0.00% named
11375 root              4     0     0     0     0     0     0.00% sshd
```

Wait Channels: <https://wiki.freebsd.org/WaitChannels>



# gstat

L(q)	ops/s	r/s	kBps	ms/r	w/s	kBps	ms/w	%busy	Name
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	acd0
5	218	218	15756	9.3	0	0	0.0	94.0	da0
0	111	2	214	5.0	107	933	4.3	23.4	ad4
0	113	0	0	0.0	111	933	4.3	24.1	ad5
0	111	2	214	5.0	107	933	4.3	23.5	ad4s1
0	113	0	0	0.0	111	933	4.3	24.1	ad5s1
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad6
0	5	0	0	0.0	5	40	0.6	0.3	ad4s1a
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad4s1b
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad4s1c
0	106	2	214	5.0	102	893	4.7	23.4	ad4s1d
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad7
0	5	0	0	0.0	5	40	0.3	0.1	ad5s1a
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad5s1b
0	0	0	0	0.0	0	0	0.0	0.0	ad5s1c
0	108	0	0	0.0	106	893	4.7	24.1	ad5s1d
0	4	0	0	0.0	4	40	0.8	0.3	mirror/gm0s1a